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REVIEW DRILL 2—THE BUILDING BLOCKS

- 1. If one-third of *b* is 15, then what is *b*?
- 2. If 7x 7 = 49, then what is *x*?
- 3. If 4(y 5) = 20, then what is *y*?
- 4. 8x + 1 < 65. Solve for *x*.
- 5. 16 is what percent of 10?
- 6. What percent of 32 is 24?
- 7. What is the area of a triangle with base 7 and height 6?

(Middle and Upper Levels)

- 8. What is the diameter of a circle with an area of 49π ?
- 9. What is the radius of a circle with a circumference of 12π ?
- 10. What is the area of a circle with a diameter of 10?

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Review Drill 2—The Building Blocks

1. 45

Translate the problem: $\frac{1}{3}(b) = 15$. Multiply both sides by 3, and b = 45. Check your work by plugging in 45 for b: $\frac{1}{3}(45) = 15$.

2.

8

To isolate *x*, add 7 to both sides. Then divide both sides by 7. Check your work by plugging in 8 for *x*: 7(8) - 7 = 49.

3. 10

To isolate y, divide both sides by 4. Then add 5 to both sides. Check your work by plugging in 10 for y: 4(10-5) = 20.

4. x < 8

To isolate *x*, subtract 1 from both sides. Then divide both sides by 8. The sign doesn't change!

5. 160

Translation: $16 = \frac{x}{100}(10)$. To solve, simplify the right side: $\frac{x}{100}(10) = \frac{x(10)}{100} = \frac{10x}{100}$, which reduces to $\frac{x}{10}$. Then, multiply both sides by 10. Check your work by plugging in 160 for *x*.

Translation: $\frac{x}{100}(32) = 24$. To solve, simplify the left side of the equation: $\frac{x}{100}(32) = \frac{x(32)}{100} = \frac{32x}{100}$, which reduces to $\frac{8x}{25}$. Then multiply both sides by 25, and divide both sides by 8. Check your work by plugging in 75 for *x*.

7. 21

Plug the base and height into the area formula for a triangle: $A = \frac{1}{2}bb = \frac{1}{2}(7)(6) = 21.$

8. 14

Find the radius from a circle's area by getting rid of π and taking the square root of 49. Then multiply the radius by 2 to find the diameter.

9.

6

Find the radius from a circle's circumference $(C = 2\pi r)$ by getting GG G C from Soft sides (they cancel out), which leaves 12 = 2r. Divide both sides by 2. Check your work by plugging in 6 for the radius.

10. 25π

Be careful not to just fill in a familiar formula with the given numbers. Here, you aren't given *r*. Instead, you're given the diameter. Since d = 2r, the radius is 5 (10 = 2*r*). Plug the radius into the area formula for a circle: $A = \pi r^2 = \pi (5)^2 = 25\pi$.